

Application Note How to use the TOMBAK as a Pulse-Picker

Multiboard Series

TOMBAK : Synchronization electronic board



Pulse-IN						\square
Pulse-OUT	Adjustable Delay	Adj. Nidth >	<	»«»	<>	;>





How to use the TOMBAK as a Pulse Picker

<u>Pre-requirement:</u> Before using the TOMBAK board, make sure you followed all the instructions mentioned in the Operating Manual

1. Introduction / Overview

When someone wants to generate a pulse (open a time domain door) at a low repetition rate (for example Hz/kHz range) which must be synchronized with a high frequency signal/clock (for example 100MHz range), There is two solutions :

- 1. The most immediate is to divide the clock signal frequency. Using the Tombak for that is described in the first part of this document. **See page 3**
- 2. When the low frequency pulse/door must also be synchronized with a low frequency external or internal signal (in other word, when we want a low repetition rate pulse at a repetition rate of a low repetition rate trigger BUT synchronized with a high frequency clock), the solution is to use the PICK mode of the Tombak. Note that in this last case, if the low frequency trigger is not synchronized with the high frequency clock, there will be a unavoidable Jitter which value is 1/clock frequency. **See page 8**

In both case above, the TOMBAK opens a door with adjustable delays and adjustable width.

Another using case is relevant when multiple pulses (Burst) are isolated (pulse picked) and one wants to adjust the power intensity of every pulse independently :

3. When used as an AWG, TOMBAK can generate special pulse waveforms with up to 4000 steps of down to 5 nanosecond. TOMBAK, can also be used to generate Burst pulses with non-repetitive frequency and/or with adjustable amplitude. The Shape-OUT SMA connector can be connected to the analog input of a dedicated external modulation instrument like an AOM (acousto-optic modulator), an EOM (electro-optic modulator), a SOA, a scanning system or a laser...It is thus possible to create some Burst with nearly any shape and number of pulses up to 4000 pulses per Burst. This is particularly interesting within a mode locked laser with MOPA configuration when someone wants to generate some burst from the oscillator part. Generating special exponential Burst shape can precompensate the deformation of the burst through the amplifiers and help maintaining a nice shape at the output of the MOPA laser. See page 13

Mode 1 : Pulse Picking using the Divider mode

1 Timing Diagram



Figure 1 : Frequency divided, delayed and pulse width adjusted signal from input to output



Figure 2 : Main firmware features used in frequency divider mode

3. Cabling

- 1. Plug the USB-Jack cable in the "USB In" connector
- 2. Plug the signal generator (i.e. the signal you want to delay) in the "*Pulse In*" SMA connector
- 3. The software adjustable delay and pulse width signal will output on the "*Pulse Out*" SMA connector
- 4. Finally, plug the power supply to the "*Power In*" connector to power on the board



4. Software configuration

Launch the ALPhANOV Control Software and click on *Connect* to start the TOMBAK hardware detection. The software automatically detects the TOMBAK board.



A window will appear for each TOMBAK connected to the computer.

The main configuration windows must be configured as follow :

PP 17E01 - Line 1 - Alphanov (File Config Info	Control Software	×
Working Mode		
On Off	On Off	On Off
High Pick	Gen Sync	
Advanced Mode		_
2,00 V Threshold	Duise Fr	100,0 kHz
2 Division	Din Source	ect Daisy
Ouput Pulse		
1,000 µs 💿 Wisth D	100,00 ns	0,00 ns 😒
Synchro Input		
Source N	None Gate lode	Burst Soft
100,000 kHz 🔄 Frequency	1 📑 Burst Size	Trigger
Synchro Output	Delay Pulse	

- Working Mode window :
 - Set the Board On
 - Set the Shaper button to Off
 - Set the **Inverse** button to **Off** unless you need to invert the output signal
 - Unset all Advanced Mode

Working Mode					
On	Off	On	Off	On	Off
Board		Shaper		Inverse	
High	Pick	Gen	Sync		
Advanced I	Advanced Mode				

- Input pulse window :
 - Configure the Threshold voltage so that the input pulse frequency is detected and equal to your pulse generator system
 - Set the **Division** factor **according to your application**
 - Set the input pulse **Source** to **Direct**



- Output Pulse window :
 - Choose the output **delay** value
 - Choose the output **pulse width**
 - Auto Fine Delay may be let in auto mode
- Synchro input windows :
 - Source : not used in this mode
 - o Mode : None
 - Frequency : not used in this mode
 - Burst size : not used in this mode



Synchro Input					
Int	Ext	None	Gate	Burst	Soft
Source		Mode			
100,000 kHz 🚔		1	(A) (V)	Tric	Ider
Frequency		Burst Size			1901

Synchro ouput window (default settings) :
 Source : Pulse



Don't forget to save the settings by clicking on the "Save" button in the bar menu.



5. Main features

Frequency divider factor	[1 - 10^9]
 Adjustable pulse width resolution (for pulse width [5ns - 510ns]) resolution (for pulse width [511ns - 2⁶²ns]) 	[5ns – >>1000s] 2ns 5ns
Adjustable pulse delay resolution 	[70ns – >>1000s] 10ps
 Jitter for delay < 570ns & pulse width < 510ns for any other delay & pulse width 	<200 ps RMS 1.5 ns RMS
Input PulseIn voltage	30 mV – 3,3V
Input maximum frequency	200 MHz
Output Voltage	1 / 3,3 / 5 Volts (hardware setup)
Output maximum frequency	20 MHz

Mode 2 : Pulse Picking using the Pick mode

1. Timing Diagram



Figure 3 : External or internal signal synchronized with Pulse-In signal.



Figure 4 : Main firmware features used in synchronization mode

3. Cabling

- 5. Plug the USB-Jack cable in the "USB In" connector
- 6. Plug the signal to synchronize in the "Sync Ext in" SMA connector. (only for external signal synchronization). If signal to synchronize is internally generated, no signal needed on "Sync Ext in".

- 7. Plug the reference signal (i.e. the signal on which "Sync Ext In" signal or "internal signal" will be synchronized with) in the "*Pulse In*" SMA connector
- 8. The synchronized signal will output on the "Pulse Out" SMA connector
- 9. Finally, plug the power supply to the "*Power In*" connector to power on the board



4. Software configuration

Launch the ALPhANOV Control Software and click on *Connect* to start the TOMBAK hardware detection. The software automatically detects the TOMBAK board.



A window will appear for each TOMBAK connected to the computer.

The main configuration windows must be configured as follow :

and a second sec	🐡 PP 17E01 - Line 1 - Alphanov Control Software			
File Config Info				
Working Mode				
On Off	On	Off	On	Off
Board	Shaper		Inverse	
High Pick	Gen	Sync		
Advanced Mode				
Input Pulse		_		
2,00 V	÷		100,0 kHz	
Threshold		Pulse Freq		
1		Direc	t	Daisy
Division		Source		
Ouput Pulse				
Ouput Puise				
Ouput Puise	100,00) ns	0,00	ns 🚖
	100,00 Delay) ns 🔺	0,00 Auto Fine	
1,000 µs ▲ Vidth	-) ns 🔺		
1,000 µs 👘 Width Synchro Input	Delay		Auto Fine	Delay
1,000 µs 🔄 Width Synchro Input	Delay None	ns 💌		
1,000 µs 🔭 Width Synchro Input Int Ext Source	Delay None Mode		Auto Fine	Delay
1,000 µs 🔄 Width Synchro Input	Delay None		Auto Fine	Delay Soft
1,000 µs x Width Synchro Input Int Ext Source 10,000 kHz x Frequency	Delay None Mode		Auto Fine Burst	Delay Soft
1,000 µs 🔭 Width Synchro Input Int Ext Source	Delay None Mode		Auto Fine Burst	Delay Soft
1,000 µs x Width Synchro Input Int Ext Source 10,000 kHz x Frequency	Delay None Mode		Auto Fine Burst	Delay Soft
1,000 µs 🔄 Width Synchro Input Int Ext Source 10,000 kHz 🔄 Frequency	Delay None Mode 1 Burst Size	Gate	Auto Fine Burst	Soft

- - Set the Shaper button to Off
 - Set the **Inverse** button to **Off** unless you need to invert the output signal
 - Set Advanced Mode to Pick

Working Mode					
On	Off	On	Off	On	Off
Board		Shaper		Inverse	
High Pick		Gen	Sync		
Advanced Mode					

• Input pulse window :

- Configure the Threshold voltage so that the input pulse frequency is detected and the same as your pulse generator system
- Set the **Division** factor to **1**
- Set the input pulse **Source** to **Direct**

Input Pulse	
2,00 V	100,0 kHz
Threshold	Pulse Freq.
1	Direct Daisy
Division	Source

- Output Pulse window :
 - Choose the output **delay value**
 - Choose the output **pulse width**
 - Auto Fine Delay may be let in auto mode



- Synchro input windows :
 - Source :
 - Set Int to synchronize an internal generated signal with Pulse-In signal.
 - Set Ext to synchronize an external signal (connected to Ext-In connector) with Pulse-In signal.
 - o Mode : None
 - Frequency :
 - ⇒ If internal source is selected, set the output signal Frequency you need to synchronize.
 - ⇒ If external source is selected, Frequency shows the input Ext-In signal frequency
 - o Burst size : not used in this mode

Synchro Input
Int Ext None Gate Burst Soft
Source Mode
10,000 kHz 1 Trigger
Measured Freq. Burst Size

- Synchro ouput window (default settings) :
 - o Source : Pulse



Don't forget to save the settings by clicking on the "Save" button in the bar menu.



5. Main features

 Adjustable pulse width resolution (for pulse width [5ns - 510ns]) resolution (for pulse width [511ns - 2⁶²ns]) 	[5ns – >>1000s] 2ns 5ns
Adjustable pulse delay resolution 	[70ns – >>1000s] 10ps
Input Ext-In Voltage Logic Low Logic High 	[0-0.8V] [1.7-3.3V]
Input PulseIn voltage	30 mV – 3,3V
Input maximum frequency	200 MHz
Output Voltage	1 / 3,3 / 5 Volts (hardware setup)
Output maximum frequency	20 MHz

1. Timing diagrams



Figure 5 : Analog (Shape-OUT) and digital (Pulse-Out) outputs with amplitude, delay and pulse width adjusted signals from input



Figure 6 : Main firmware features used in AWG / Burst shaper mode (dashed lines are optional)

3. Cabling

The steps given below in () are optional and link to previous configuration described in § Erreur ! Source du renvoi introuvable. **p.** Erreur ! Signet non défini. (Gate feature), in § Erreur ! Source du renvoi introuvable. **p.** Erreur ! Signet non défini. (Burst generator using the Gate input), and in § Erreur ! Source du renvoi introuvable. **p.** Erreur ! Signet non défini. (Frequency divider).

- 1. Plug the USB-Jack cable in the "USB In" connector
- 2. (Plug your reference signal (clock) in the "Pulse In" SMA connector)
- 3. (Plug your trigger/gate signal in the "Gate In" SMA connector)
- 4. The signal will output on the "Shape Out" SMA connector
- 5. Finally, plug the power supply to the "*Power In*" connector to power on the board



4. Software configuration

Launch the ALPhANOV Control Software and click on *Connect* to start the Tombak hardware detection. The software automatically detects the Tombak board.



<u>A window will appear for each Tombak connected to the computer.</u> The main configuration windows must be configured as follow :

PDG 19E02 - Line 1 - Alphanov Control Software			
File Config Info			
Working Mode			
On Off On Off On Off			
Board Shaper Inverse			
Advanced Mode Centre Technologique Optique et Lasers			
Input Pulse			
0,000 V <u></u> 200,000000 MHz			
Threshold Pulse Freq.			
8 🕂 Direct Daisy Intern Phot.			
Division Source			
Synchro Input			
Int Ext None Gate Burst Soft			
Synchro Source Mode			
100,000 kHz - SMA Daisy 1 -			
Frequency Gate Source Burst Size			
Ouput Pulse			
25 ns ÷ 71,00 ns ÷ 0,00 ns ÷			
Width Delay Auto Fine Delay			
Synchro Output			
Sync Trig Delay Pulse			

- Working Mode window :
 - Set the **Board** On
 - Set the **Shaper** button to **On**
 - Set the **Inverse** button to **Off** unless you need to invert the output signal
 - Set Advanced Mode to Nothing (use external clock) or Gen (use 200MHz internal frequency)
- Input pulse window :
 - (Configure the Threshold voltage so that the input pulse frequency is detected and equal to your pulse generator system)
 - Set the **Division** factor **according to your application**

- Set the input pulse **Source** to **Direct**
- Output Pulse window :
 - Choose the output **delay value**
 - Choose the output **pulse width**
 - Auto Fine Delay may be let in auto mode or manual if you need to adjust the fine delay from reference signal to each shape point (see Figure 5).
- Configure shape :
 - Open the shaper config window by clicking on the "Shaper Config" in the bar menu



• The following window will appear. Load a .csv file by cliking on Load

0



	 The .csv file should 	ld be like	this (example and explanation) :
1	4	1	Number of points - 1
2	1000	2	Value in bit for 1st point (from 0 to 4095)
3	3000	3	Value in bit for 2nd point (from 0 to 4095)
4	4095	4	Value in bit for 3rd point (from 0 to 4095)
5	500	5	Value in bit for 4th point (from 0 to 4095)
6	0	6	•••
7		7	

Please note that repetitive values of 0 could be used to make non-uniform period between pulses.

The maximum number of points is 4000.

- The **number of points, called steps**, should be automatically detected after uploaded the file
- The step size should be leave to 1 or could be higher if you want to change the point after several reference pulses (for example a step size of 2 will change the level one time for two pulses

Don't forget to save the settings by clicking on the "Save" button in the bar menu.

